0130-2004-000/

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

KFile PCT Demand (ISR Deadline) FINED: 16-APR-08

a O Wong rgan Lewis & Bockius LLP	PCT
alo Alto Square 00 El Camino Real Suite 700 o Alto CA 94306	NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT AND THE WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY, OR THE DECLARATION
	(PCT Rule 44.1)
	Date of mailing (day/month/year) 16 JAN 2008
nt's or agent's file reference 5004WO	FOR FURTHER ACTION See paragraphs 1 and 4 below
onal application No. S 06/38024	International filing date (day/month/year) 29 September 2006 (29.09.2006)
nt AB-CWT LLC	
The applicant is hereby notified that the international s Authority have been established and are transmitted he	search report and the written opinion of the International Searching erewith.
Filing of amendments and statement under Article 1 The applicant is entitled, if he so wishes, to amend the When? The time limit for filing such amendment	19: e claims of the international application (see Rule 46): ents is normally two months from the date of transmittal of the
international search report. Where? Directly to the International Bureau of Wi	TPO, 34 chemin des Colombettes
1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland, Facsimile l For more detailed instructions, see the notes on th	No.: +41 22 740 14 35
The state of the state of the state of interpotions	al search report will be established and that the declaration under of the International Searching Authority are transmitted herewith.
With regard to the protest against payment of (an) a	additional fee(s) under Rule 40.2, the applicant is notified that:
applicant's request to forward the texts of both	has been transmitted to the International Bureau together with the the protest and the decision thereon to the designated Offices.
no decision has been made yet on the protest;	the applicant will be notified as soon as a decision is made.
ternational Bureau. If the applicant wishes to avoid or plication, or of the priority claim, must reach the Internations for the completion of the technical preparations for internations for international for international for international for international for internations for international for in	pority date, the international application will be published by the postpone publication, a notice of withdrawal of the international ional Bureau as provided in Rules 90bis.1 and 90bis.3, respectively, mational publication.
ne applicant may submit comments on an informal basis of	on the written opinion of the International Searching Authority to the day a copy of such comments to all designated Offices unless an to be established. These comments would also be made available to
ithin 19 months from the priority date, but only in respect	t of some designated Offices, a demand for international preliminary the the entry into the national phase until 30 months from the priority date, perform the prescribed
respect of other designated Offices, the time limit of 30	months (or later) will apply even if no demand is filed within 19
onths. See the Annex to Form PCT/IB/301 and, for details about the Uniteral section of the WIPO Interne	the applicable time limits, Office by Office, see the <i>PCT Applicant's</i> et site.
nd mailing address of the ISA/US	Authorized officer: STATUS TOTAL
o PCT, Attn: ISA/US signer for Patents	Lee W. Young
. 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 ile No. 571-273-3201	PCT Helpdesk: 571-272-4300 PCT OSP: 571-272-7774
T/ISA/220 (January 2004)	Concluded the control of the companying sheet,
N-US + File ITS/PCT Search Texant &	File Abstract Comments - Time B. 110-Feb-001
+ Americand Final: 16-App-08	Fle Art, 19 houndment-Final: 16-Feb-09 File Art, 19 houndment-Final: 16-Feb-09

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 61136-5004WO	FOR FURTHER ACTION	as well	see Form PCT/ISA/220 as, where applicable, item 5 below.
International application No. PCT/US 06/38024	International filing date (day/n) 29 September 2006 (29.09.2006		(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year) 28 September 2005 (28.09.2005)
Applicant AB-CWT LLC			
according to Article 18. A copy is bein This international search report consists It is also accompanied by a 1. Basis of the report a. With regard to the language, th the international app a translation of the i of a translation furn b. With regard to any nucleo Certain claims were four Unity of invention is lack 4. With regard to the title, the text is approved as suf-	g transmitted to the Internationa s of a total of sheets. a copy of each prior art documer e international search was carrie olication in the language in which international application into ished for the purposes of international and/or amino acid sequen and unsearchable (see Box No. III) string (see Box No. III)	d out on the bank it was filed tional search (ce disclosed in	asis of:
5. With regard to the abstract, the text is approved as su	bmitted by the applicant	roducts	ity as it appears in Box No. IV. The applicant rch report, submit comments to this Authority
6. With regard to the drawings, a. the figure of the drawings to be as suggested by the as selected by this as selected by this.	be published with the abstract is	Figure No. <u>1</u> failed to sugg	gest a figure

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US 06/38024

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(8) - C01B 7/19 (2007.01) USPC - 423/484					
According to	According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC				
	DS SEARCHED				
Minimum do USPC - 423/	cumentation searched (classification system followed by c 484	lassification symbols)			
Documentation None	on searched other than minimum documentation to the exte	ent that such documents are included in the	fields searched		
	ta base consulted during the international search (name of USPT, PGPB, USOC, EPAB and JPAB); Google Schola		ms used)		
Search terms	s: conversion of waste, fuel, fertilizer, food, depolymerizar	tion at 700 degrees F, hydrotreating, hydro	olysis, slurry		
C. DOCUM	MENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where app	propriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.		
X	US 2004/0192980 A1 (APPEL et al), 30 September 200 [0031], [0033] - [0034], [0047] - [0050], [0055], [0056],	4 (30.09.2004), paras [0002], [0029] - 0059] - [0062], [0066], [0067], [0080],	1-6, 8-14, 18-20 and 24-32		
Υ	[0099], [0114], [0105], [0106]		7, 15-17 and 21-23		
Υ	US 6,822,126 B2 (MILLER et al), 23 November 2004 (2	3.11.2004), col 1 ln 15-16; col 2 ln 56	7		
Υ	US 5,359,061 A (EVANS et al), 25 October 1994 (25.10 In 11; col 27 in 47-48 and 51; col 16 in 61 and 67).1994), col 1 ln 22-27; col 22 ln 42; col 3	15-17, 21-23		
	er documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	(T) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	mational filing date or priority		
"A" docume	* Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "B tater document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention				
"E" earlier	"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive				
cited to	"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) of which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is				
means	"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art				
the pric	the priority date claimed				
	actual completion of the international search 2007 (26.06.2007)	16 JAN 2008	·r		
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Authorized officer:					
Mail Stop PC	Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US, Commissioner for Patents				
	50, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450	PCT OSP: 571-272-4300	Drass		

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

PCT

To: Ada O Wong Morgan Lewis & Bockius LLP 2 Palo Alto Square 3000 El Camino Real Suite 700 Palo Alto CA 94306			ITTEN OPINION OF THE ONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (PCT Rule 43bis.1)
		Date of mailing (day/month/year)	16 JAN 2008
Applicant's or agent's file reference		FOR FURTHER A	CTION See paragraph 2 below
International application No.	International filing date		Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/US 06/38024	29 September 2006		28 September 2005 (28.09.2005)
International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification and IPC IPC(8) - C01B 7/19 (2007.01) USPC - 423/484 Applicant AB-CWT LLC			
This opinion contains indications related to the second seco	ating to the following iter	ns:	
Box No. I Basis of the op	inion		
Box No. II Priority			
Box No. III Non-establishr	Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability		
	boyuna nitride		
Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability citations and explanations supporting such statement			
Box No. VI Certain docum	ents cited		
Box No. VII Certain defects in the international appl		ication	
Box No. VIII Certain observ	rations on the internationa	al application	
2. FURTHER ACTION If a demand for international preliminary examination is made, this opinion will be considered to be a written opinion of the International Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA") except that this does not apply where the applicant chooses an Authority other than this one to be the IPEA and the chosen IPEA has notified the International Bureau under Rule 66.1bis(b) that written opinions of this International Searching Authority will not be so considered. If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a written opinion of the IPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with amendments, before the expiration of 3 months from the date of mailing of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 months from the priority date, whichever expires later. For further options, see Form PCT/ISA/220.			
3. For further details, see notes to Form PCT/ISA/220.			
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 Facsimile No. 571-273-3201	26th June 2007 (Authorized officer: Lee W. Young PCT Helpdesk: 571-272-4360 PCT OSP: 571-272-7774



International application No. PCT/US 06/38024

Bo	x No. I	Basis of this opinion
1.	With re	egard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of: the international application in the language in which it was filed a translation of the international application into
2.	claimed	egard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the linvention, this opinion has been established on the basis of: e of material a sequence listing table(s) related to the sequence listing
	b. for	nat of material on paper in electronic form
	c. tim	contained in the international application as filed contained in the international application as filed filed together with the international application in electronic form furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search
3.		In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table(s) relating thereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.
4.	Additio	onal comments:

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/US 06/38024

Box No. V Reasoned statement un citations and explanation	der Rule 43 <i>b</i> ons supportin	is.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicing such statement	ability;		
1. Statement					
Novelty (N)	Claims	7, 11, 13, 15-17, 20-25, 27	YES		
,	Claims	1-6, 8-10, 12, 14, 18-19, 26, 28-32	NO		
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	NONE	YES		
mventive step (19)	Claims	1-32	NO		
* 1	Claima	1-32	YES		
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims Claims	NONE	NO		
2. Citations and explanations: Claims 1-6, 8-10, 12, 14, 18-19, 26 and 28-32 lack novelty under PCT Article 33 (2) as being anticipated by US 2004/0192980 A1 to Appel et al (hereinafter /Appel). Regarding claim 1, Appel teaches a process for producing a fuel from a feedstock (para [0002]), comprising: preparing a slurry from the feedstock (para [0031]); subjecting the slurry to a depolymerization process to form a composition comprising at least one inorganic material and a liquid mixture (para [0031] first reaction, para [0033] reacted solid product comprises one mineral, para [0061] breakdown and para [0049] break long molecular chains); separating said at least one inorganic material from the liquid mixture (para [0031]); and deriving a fuel from said liquid mixture (paras [0031], [0029] and [0056]). Regarding claim 2, see claim 1 explanation above. Further Appel teaches that the feedstock comprises animal manure, sludge, byproducts of food manufacture and distribution, waste plastics, rubber, or tires (paras [0050] and [0055]). Regarding claim 3, see claim 1 explanation above. Further Appel teaches that the feed stock is a hydrocarbon-based feedstock (paras [0047] and [0048]). Regarding claim 4, see claim 3 explanation above. Further Appel teaches adding an organic solvent to the slurry prior to said preparing or heating (paras [0059] and [0055]). Regarding claim 5, see claim 1 explanation above. Further Appel teaches that the feedstock is an organic feedstock (para [0050]). Regarding claim 6, see claim 1 explanation above. Further Appel teaches that the deriving comprises subjecting the liquid mixture to a thermal conversion process (para [0106] third stage reaction at 310-510 degress C and para [0105] output is hydrocarbon vapor and gases). Regarding claim 8, see claim 1 explanation above. Further Appel teaches a fuel oil produced by the process of claim 1 (paras [0002] and [0004]). Regarding claim 9, see claim 1 explanation above. Further Appel teaches a fuel oil produced by the process of claim					
[0029], [0031], [0114]).	-continued in	supplemental box	 -		

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No.
PCT/US 06/38024

Box No. VII	Certain defects in the international application
The following	defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted: erence to Fig # in para [0080] for the numeral 120 and numeral 110 in para [0079].



International application No. PCT/US 06/38024

Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient.

Continuation of:

BOX V(2) Citations and Explanations:

Regarding claim 14, Appel teaches a process of converting shredder residue into oil (para [0029] and para [0050] electronics like old computers), comprising:

dissolving the shredder residue in a solvent (para [0034] dissolving tires in solvent);

preparing a slurry from the shredder residue (para [0031]);

subjecting the slurry to a depolymerization step to produce a liquid mixture (paras [0031], [0049];

subjecting the liquid mixture to a hydrolysis step to produce an organic liquor (para [0062] can further encompass hydrolysis, para [0031] treated liquid product); deriving an oil from said organic liquor (paras [0034] and [0029] oil).

Regarding claims 18 and 19, see explanation for claim 14 above. Further Appel teaches that the solvent is oil obtained from said converting (para [0055]).

Regarding claim 26, see explanation for claim 14 above. Further Appel teaches a fuel oil manufactured by the process of claim 14 (paras [0034] and [0029]).

Regarding claims 28 and 29, see claim 1 explanation above. Further Appel teaches that deriving comprises subjecting the liquid mixture to a hydrolysis step to form an organic liquor; converting said organic liquor into a fuel and converting comprises hydrotreating the liquid mixture (para [0105]).

Regarding claim 30, see claim 1 explanation above. Further Appel teaches that converting comprises subjecting the liquid mixture to a thermal conversion process (para [0105] around 400 degrees C).

Regarding claim 31, see claim 1 explanation above. Further Appel teaches that the feedstock comprises fats, grease, and/or a protein source (para [0050]).

Regarding claim 32, see claim 1 explanation above. Further Appel teaches that the feedstock comprises animal waste, plant waste, waste, or low value streams from ethanol production facilities (para [0050]).

Claims 11, 13, 20, 24, 25, 27 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Appel.

Regarding claim 11, see claim 10 explanation above. Further Appel teaches that the water produced by the waste treatment process finds application as a fertilizer (paras [0066] and [0099]). Although Appel does not specifically teach a method of fertilizing a plant by applying a fertilizer produced by the process of claim 10, this would have been obvious to a person skilled in the art at the time of the invention in view of Appels disclosure.

Regarding claim 13, Appel teaches that the products obtained from his process are used to prepare useful materials like fatty acids (para [0029]) and in agricultural appliciations (para [0114]). It is well known that animal feeds comprise agricultural materials and products with fatty acids. In the light of this disclosure of Appel, although Appel does not teach a method of feeding an animal with a food produced by the process of claim 12, such method would have been obvious to a person skilled in the art at the time of the invention.

Regarding claim 20, Appel teaches a process of converting a raw stream comprising shredder residue and one or more tire into fuel (paras [0029] and [0050] electronics like old computers), comprising:

dissolving a raw stream comprising shredder residue and one or more tire in a solvent to produce a slurry (paras [0034] and [0031]);

subjecting the slurry to a depolymerization step to produce a liquid mixture (paras [0031], [0049]);

subjecting the liquid mixture to a hydrolysis step to produce an organic liquor (para [0062] can further encompass hydrolysis, para [0031] treated liquid product); deriving an oil from said organic liquor (paras [0034] and [0029] oil).

Although Appel teaches both shredder residue and one or more tire residue as feed stock, he does not specifically teach a combination of both shredder residue and tire residue in the raw stream, But such combination would have been obvious to a person skilled in the art at the time of the invention.

Regarding claims 24 and 25, see explanation for claim 20 above. Further Appel teaches that the solvent is oil obtained from said converting (para [0055]).

Regarding claim 27, see explanation for claim 20 above. Further Appel teaches a fuel oil manufactured by the process of claim 20 (para [0034] and [0029]).

Claim 7 lacks an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Appel in view of US 6,822,126 B2 to Miller et al. (hereinafter

Regarding claim 7, see explanation for claim 7 above. Further Appel teaches that a deriving process is by various techniques for the liquid mixture (paras [0067] and [0080]).

Miller relates to a method for transforming waste polymeric materials into useful products (col 1 ln 15-16) and teaches that deriving comprises hydrotreating the liquid mixture (col 2 ln 56).

It is proper to combine Appel and Miller as they are both in the same art of waste treatments to form useful products, and it would have been obvious to provide a process as per claim 7, at the time of the invention by combining the teachings of Miller and Appel.

------continued in next supplemental box-----



International application No.

PCT/US 06/38024

Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient.

Continuation of:

BOX V(2):

Ciaims 15-17, 21-23 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Appel in view of US 5,359,061 A to Evans et al (hereinafter 'Evans').

Regarding claim 15, see explanation above for claim 14. Further Evans relates to method of treating wastes (col 1 in 22-27) and specifically teaches auto shredder residue as feed stock (col 22 in 42). Evans also teaches that depolymerization step takes place at a temperature in the range of about 700.degree. F. to about 775.degree. F (col 3 in 11 slurrying at 500-700 degrees F). It is proper to combine Appel and Evans as they are both in the same art of waste treatments to form useful products, and it would have been obvious to provide temperature ranges as per claim 15, at the time of the invention by using the teachings of Evans in a process of Appel.

Regarding claim 16, see explanation above for claim 14 . Further Evans teaches that hydrolysis step takes place at a temperature in the range of about 440.degree. F. to about 500.degree. F (col 27 ln 47-48 wherein solvolysis/hydrolysis and col 27 ln 51 insitu; col 16 ln 61 and 67). Claim 16s temperature range in degree F falls within the range of that of Evan in celcius and translates to about equivalent temperatures in F as per claim 16.

Regarding claim 17, see explanations above for claims14 and 16. Further Evans teaches that depolymerization step takes place at a temperature in the range of about 700.degree. F. to about 775.degree. F (col 3 ln 11 slurrying at 500-700 degrees F) and said hydrolysis step takes place at a temperature in the range of about 440.degree. F. to about 500.degree. F (col 27 ln 47-48 wherein solvolysis/hydrolysis and col 27 ln 51 insitu; col 16 ln 61 and 67).

Regarding claim 21, see explanations above for claims 20 and 15.

Regarding claim 22, see explanations above for claims 20 and 16.

Regarding claim 23, see explanations above for claims 20 and 17.

Claims 1-32 have industrial applicability as defined by PCT Article 33(4) since the subject matter can be made or used in the industry.